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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/964,059	09/26/2001	Tony Nick Frudakis	0201-0001	1445
33787 75	90 06/15/2005		EXAMINER	
JOHN J. OSKOREP, ESQ.			LIN, JERRY	
ONE MAGNIFICENT MILE CENTER				
980 N. MICHIGAN AVE.			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
SUITE 1400			1631	
CHICAGO, IL 60611			DATE MAILED: 06/15/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		09/964,059	FRUDAKIS, TONY	NICK				
		Examiner	Art Unit					
		Jerry Lin	1631					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
THE N - Exten after S - If the - If NO - Failur Any re	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REMAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION IS COMMUNICATION IN COMMU	N. R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a i. It reply within the statutory minimum of thir riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI tatute, cause the application to become Al	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this com- BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	imunication.				
Status								
1)⊠	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>07 March 2005</u> .							
2a)⊠ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)□ This action is non-final.								
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition	on of Claims							
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-3,5-17 and 19-28 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-3, 5-17, 19-28 is/are rejected.  7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Application	on Papers							
10) 🗌 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Examine the drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) and a specificant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the confine oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) objected to the drawing(s) be held in abeyangerection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR	• •				
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) <u></u>	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Buree the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been received. ents have been received in A priority documents have been reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	application No received in this National St	tage				
Attachment	(s)		•					
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview S	Summary (PTO-413)					
3) 🔲 Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB No(s)/Mail Date	708) Paper No( 5) Notice of I 6) Other:	s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-1 	52)				

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

Applicants' arguments, filed March 07, 2005, have been fully considered and they are not deemed to be persuasive. Rejections and/or objections not reiterated from previous office actions are hereby withdrawn. The following rejections and/or objections are either reiterated or newly applied. They constitute the complete set presently being applied to the instant application.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-3, 5-17, and 19-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claims 1 and 15 is unclear because it unclear where the newly amended limitation of "stored in a file" refers to the gene family data or the gene sequence.

The rejection is necessitated by amendment.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

<sup>(</sup>b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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Claims 1 and 5-8 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hwang et al. (*Endocrinology*).

Please see the previous office action for the disclosure of Hwang et al.

The applicants have presented three points in regard to this rejection. The first point is that Hwang et al. do not teach "a first rule specifying that the primer pair data for the coding sequence be obtained from a predetermined annealing temperature" and repeating such identification for subsequence primer pair data. Specifically the applicants state that the authors intended to specify their oligonucleotide sequences on the basis of any particular annealing temperature. Although the Examiner agrees with the applicants on page 12 of the response, the Examiner must give the claims the broadest reasonable interpretation. In regard to the instant limitation, the claim only requires that primer pairs must be selected for the particular characteristics it exhibits at particular annealing temperatures. Even in standard PCR protocol, those particular primers are precisely chosen for the characteristics they exhibit at particular annealing temperatures. Thus, giving the claim its broadest reasonable interpretation, Hwang et al. do teach the instant limitation.

The second point the applicants present is that Hwang et al. do not teach "a second rule specifying that, based on a comparison of the primer pair data and gene family data of the gene sequence stored in a file, the primer pair data for the coding sequence must fail to match the gene family data." Specifically, applicants stated that the sequences were not chosen but the sequences were required in a standard experimental protocol. Again, the Examiner must give the claims the broadest

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reasonable interpretation. The instant limitation does not specify that the instant method is designed to differentiate between different members of a gene family. The instant limitation only requires that primer pair data must fail to match the gene family data as Hwang et al. disclosed. Furthermore, although the primers were constructed to be dissimilar within the purpose of the PCR protocol, ultimately, the primers were differentiated using gene family data and fall within the limitations of the instant claim.

The final point the applicants present is that Hwang et al. do not teach "simultaneously amplifying the plurality of coding sequences from three or more individuals at the predetermined annealing temperature using the identified pairs of primer sequences, such that a plurality of amplified coding sequences from the three or more individuals are obtained." Specifically applicants point out that it is not a proper presumption that even one double helix might in fact exist in the experimental sample and that the cDNA may have been derived from one individual person, but not three or more. In regards to the later, the Examiner has interpreted "individual" to include individual strands of nucleic acid, thus three or more individuals can be interpreted as three or more strands of nucleic acid. Again, giving the claims the broadest reasonable interpretation, Hwang et al. certainly do teach amplifying a plurality of coding sequences from three or more individuals.

This rejection is maintained.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

Claims 15, 19, and 20-22 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hwang et al (Endocrinology).

Please see the previous office action. This rejection is maintained.

### Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

#### **Contact Information**

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jerry Lin whose telephone number is (571) 272-2561. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30-5:00, M-Th.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ardin Marschel, Ph.D. can be reached on (571) 272-0718. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JL

ARDIN H. MARSCHEL SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER